



S.N. NUCLEARELECTRICA S.A.

CERNĂVODA TRITIUM REMOVAL FACILITY PROJECT, ROMANIA

Environmental and Social Impact Assessment -
Errata Sheet





S.N. NUCLEARELECTRICA S.A.

**CERNĂVODA TRITIUM REMOVAL FACILITY
PROJECT, ROMANIA**

Environmental and Social Impact Assessment - Errata Sheet

TYPE OF DOCUMENT (VERSION) PUBLIC

PROJECT NO. 70078054-ESIA

OUR REF. NO. 70078054-ESIA.2.11

DATE: OCTOBER 2021



S.N. NUCLEARELECTRICA S.A.

CERNĂVODA TRITIUM REMOVAL FACILITY PROJECT, ROMANIA

Environmental and Social Impact Assessment - Errata Sheet

WSP

2 London Square
Cross Lanes
Guildford, Surrey
GU1 1UN

Phone: +44 148 352 8400

WSP.com



QUALITY CONTROL

Issue/revision	Revision A	Revision B		
Remarks	Draft for KNR Comment	Updated with following KNR review		
Date	01/10/2021	07/10/2021		
Prepared by	Sophie Harris/Peter Allen	Sophie Harris/Peter Allen		
Signature				
Checked by	Jerry Mullins	Jerry Mullins		
Signature				
Authorised by	Neal Barker	Neal Barker		
Signature				
Project number	70078054	70078054		
Report number	70078054-ESIA.2.11	70078054-ESIA.2.11		
File reference	Environmental and Social Impact Assessment – Errata Sheet			



CONTENTS

ENVIRONMENTAL AND SOCIAL IMPACT ASSESSMENT REPORT - ERRATA SHEET	1
---	----------

ENVIRONMENTAL AND SOCIAL IMPACT ASSESSMENT REPORT - ERRATA SHEET

Paragraph 15.4.118 of the Environmental and Social Impact Assessment Report (document reference: 70078054-ESIA.2.1) presents the results of a study that has now been updated. This paragraph is located in the baseline section of Chapter 15: Social Impacts and Public Health and is provided below.

“Accident analysis at Cernavodă NPP assessed that the maximum dose of radiation that could be received by a member of the public in the event of an accident is within the dose limit for the Licensing Basis Document for event classes 1 and 2. Legal limits do not exist for more severe emergencies. The most severe Class 6 event could result in an individual dose of 130 mSv”.

The dose estimate of 130 mSv within the final sentence of this paragraph was derived from a design assist study conducted in 2014 which was based on a number of conservative assumptions and parameters. A more recent revision of this study was undertaken in 2021 considering the CTRF design improvements. The recent 2021 revision presents a much lower estimate for the highest individual public dose of 0.21 mSv from a Class 6 event.

For reference, this dose estimate was derived from the CTRF Accident Analysis Report for Public Dose (document reference: KI CTRF-00437 Rev 05), dated April 2021. Using the dose estimate within the CTRF Accident Analysis Report for Public Dose (document reference: KI CTRF-00437 Rev 05), dated April 2021 the updated version of paragraph 15.4.118 should now state:

*“Accident analysis at Cernavodă NPP assessed that the maximum dose of radiation that could be received by a member of the public in the event of an accident is within the dose limit for the Licensing Basis Document for event classes 1 and 2. Legal limits do not exist for more severe emergencies. **The most severe Class 6 event could result in an individual dose of 0.21 mSv¹**”.*

¹ Kinectrics (2021). CTRF Accident Analysis Report for Public Dose (document reference: KI CTRF-00437 Rev 05).



2 London Square
Cross Lanes
Guildford, Surrey
GU1 1UN

wsp.com

PUBLIC