Coronavirus response in 2021: building back better Update on Estonia (06 December 2021)





Covid-19 policy response

- Estonia's strong policy response continued in 2021, focusing on protecting jobs, providing liquidity support to companies and ensuring the healthcare system remained sustainable.
- The European Commission approved Estonia's recovery plan, using up to €969.3 million from the Recovery and Resilience Facility (RRF). The funds will target digital and green projects, including pilot projects using hydrogen and other innovative green technologies.
- The draft budget for 2022 foresees support for additional healthcare costs brought about by Covid-19. There will be further compensation for short-term sick-leave days and additional labour costs. There will also be a one-off amount of €16 million for vaccination, temporary vaccination centres and the operation of mobile vaccination points.

Macroeconomic indicators (per cent)

	2018	2019	2020
GDP growth	4.1	4.1	-3.0
Annual inflation (year end)	3.3	1.8	-0.9
Government balance/GDP	-0.6	0.1	-5.6
Current-account balance/GDP	0.8	2.5	-0.3
Net FDI/GDP	-4.8	-3.9	-10.4
Public debt/GDP (year end)	8.2	8.6	19.0
Unemployment rate (year end)	4.3	4.5	6.7

Short-term indicators

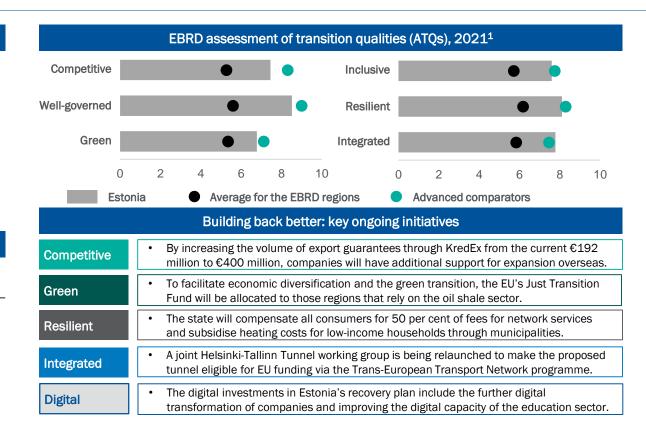
EBRD GDP growth forecast (Nov 2021) 2021: 9.0%; 2022: 4.0%

Quarterly GDP growth: 8.6% y/y
(Q3 2021)

Economic sentiment: 107.7
(November 2021)

OMX Tallinn stock market: 1,970.26
(November 2021, up 0.6% m/m)

Annual inflation: 6.8% (October 2021)



Key shortterm priorities

- The anti-money laundering/combating the financing of terrorism (AML/CFT) framework should be strengthened continuously.
- Reducing skills shortages and gender pay disparities through active labour-market policies and incentives remains a priority.
- Exiting from oil-shale electricity and further diversifying the country's energy sources should be prioritised.